## Inge Tetens

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	No difference in body weight decrease between a low-glycemic-index and a high-glycemic-index diet but reduced LDL cholesterol after 10-wk ad libitum intake of the low-glycemic-index diet. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2004, 80, 337-347.	2.2	248
2	Whole grain and body weight changes in apparently healthy adults: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled studies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 98, 872-884.	2.2	167
3	Dietary Glycemic Index, Glycemic Load, Fiber, Simple Sugars, and Insulin Resistance: The Inter99 study. Diabetes Care, 2005, 28, 1397-1403.	4.3	163
4	The use of glycaemic index tables to predict glycaemic index of composite breakfast meals. British Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 91, 979-989.	1.2	156
5	Associations between postprandial insulin and blood glucose responses, appetite sensations and energy intake in normal weight and overweight individuals: a meta-analysis of test meal studies. British Journal of Nutrition, 2007, 98, 17-25.	1.2	150
6	Whole Grain Compared with Refined Wheat Decreases the Percentage of Body Fat Following a 12-Week, Energy-Restricted Dietary Intervention in Postmenopausal Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 142, 710-716.	1.3	148
7	Wholegrain vs. refined wheat bread and pasta. Effect on postprandial glycemia, appetite, and subsequent ad libitum energy intake in young healthy adults. Appetite, 2010, 54, 163-169.	1.8	101
8	Glycemic and insulinemic responses as determinants of appetite in humans. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2006, 84, 1365-1373.	2.2	62
9	Association between dietary glycemic index, glycemic load, and body mass index in the Inter99 study: is underreporting a problem?. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2006, 84, 641-645.	2.2	48
10	A Low Glycemic Index Diet Does Not Affect Postprandial Energy Metabolism but Decreases Postprandial Insulinemia and Increases Fullness Ratings in Healthy Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 141, 1679-1684.	1.3	39
11	Validation of Reported Whole-Grain Intake from a Web-Based Dietary Record against Plasma Alkylresorcinol Concentrations in 8- to 11-Year-Olds Participating in a Randomized Controlled Trial. Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 146, 377-383.	1.3	20
12	Evaluation of dietary intake in a Danish population: the Inter99 study. Scandinavian Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 48, 136-143.	0.2	15
13	Dietary Patterns Predict Changes in Two-Hour Post-Oral Glucose Tolerance Test Plasma Glucose Concentrations in Middle-Aged Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 139, 588-593.	1.3	7
14	The use of glycaemic index tables to predict glycaemic index of breakfast meals. British Journal of Nutrition, 2005, 94, 135-136.	1.2	6
15	Reply to CM Strik and CJ Henry. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 81, 941.	2.2	6