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List of Publications by Year in descending order

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69 2,484 25 48 papers citations h-index g-index

70 70 70 3254
all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A primary care first (PCP-first) model to screen and treat depression: A VitalSign6 report from a second cohort of 32,106 patients. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2022, 74, 1-8.	2.4	5
2	Neural substrates of emotional conflict with anxiety in major depressive disorder: Findings from the Establishing Moderators and biosignatures of Antidepressant Response in Clinical Care (EMBARC) randomized controlled trial. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2022, 149, 243-251.	3.1	4
3	Dorsolateral Prefrontal Cortex and Subcallosal Cingulate Connectivity Show Preferential Antidepressant Response in Major Depressive Disorder. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2021, 6, 20-28.	1.5	6
4	Moderators of treatment response to exercise in participants with stimulant use disorder: Exploratory results from the Stimulant Reduction using Dosed Exercise (STRIDE)CTN-0037 study. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2021, 21, 100421.	1.8	0
5	Effect of Intrinsic Patterns of Functional Brain Connectivity in Moderating Antidepressant Treatment Response in Major Depression. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2020, 177, 143-154.	7.2	76
6	Dysfunctional adaptive immune response in adolescents and young adults with suicide behavior. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2020, 111, 104487.	2.7	26
7	Comprehensive phenotyping of depression disease trajectory and risk: Rationale and design of Texas Resilience Against Depression study (T-RAD). Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2020, 122, 22-32.	3.1	21
8	Pharmacological and Nonpharmacological Treatment Effects on Functional Outcomes in Major Depressive Disorder. , 2020, , 131-146.		2
9	Identifying and responding to trial implementation challenges during multisite clinical trials. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2020, 112, 63-72.	2.8	5
10	The Promise of Biomarkers for Psychiatry. Psychiatric Annals, 2020, 50, 236-237.	0.1	0
11	A Structured Approach to Detecting and Treating Depression in Primary Care: VitalSign6 Project. Annals of Family Medicine, 2019, 17, 326-335.	1.9	32
12	The Stimulant Selective Severity Assessment: A replication and exploratory extension of the Cocaine Selective Severity Assessment. Substance Use and Misuse, 2019, 54, 351-361.	1.4	3
13	VitalSign6: A Primary Care First (PCP-First) Model for Universal Screening and Measurement-Based Care for Depression. Pharmaceuticals, 2019, 12, 71.	3.8	33
14	Acute and long-term cannabis use among stimulant users: Results from CTN-0037 Stimulant Reduction Intervention using Dosed Exercise (STRIDE) Randomized Control Trial. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 200, 139-144.	3.2	3
15	Sex differences in the association of baseline c-reactive protein (CRP) and acute-phase treatment outcomes in major depressive disorder: Findings from the EMBARC study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2019, 113, 165-171.	3.1	33
16	Validating pre-treatment body mass index as moderator of antidepressant treatment outcomes: Findings from CO-MED trial. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2018, 234, 34-37.	4.1	50
17	A psychometric evaluation of the Concise Health Risk Tracking Self-Report (CHRT-SR)- a measure of suicidality-in patients with stimulant use disorder. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2018, 102, 65-71.	3.1	14
18	A complier average causal effect analysis of the Stimulant Reduction Intervention using dosed exercise study. Contemporary Clinical Trials Communications, 2018, 10, 1-8.	1.1	9

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19	Characterizing anxiety subtypes and the relationship to behavioral phenotyping in major depression: Results from the EMBARC study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2018, 102, 207-215.	3.1	12
20	Stability, reliability, and validity of the THINCâ€it screening tool for cognitive impairment in depression: A psychometric exploration in healthy volunteers. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2018, 27, e1736.	2.1	27
21	Psychometrics of the Self-Report Concise Associated Symptoms Tracking Scale (CAST-SR). Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2018, 79, 41-47.	2.2	5
22	Evaluation of the benefits of exercise on cognition in major depressive disorder. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2017, 49, 19-25.	2.4	17
23	Prediction of treatment outcomes to exercise in patients with nonremitted major depressive disorder. Depression and Anxiety, 2017, 34, 1116-1122.	4.1	28
24	Interleukin 17 selectively predicts better outcomes with bupropion-SSRI combination: Novel T cell biomarker for antidepressant medication selection. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2017, 66, 103-110.	4.1	60
25	Psychosocial relationship status and quality as predictors of exercise intervention adherence and substance use outcomes: Results from the STRIDE (CTN-0037) study. Psychiatry Research, 2017, 254, 332-339.	3.3	2
26	Cardiorespiratory fitness and body composition of stimulant users: A baseline analysis of the STRIDE cohort. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2017, 78, 74-79.	2.8	5
27	Cognitive impairment as measured by the THINC-integrated tool (THINC-it): Association with psychosocial function in major depressive disorder. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2017, 222, 14-20.	4.1	39
28	An ounce of prevention: A pre-randomization protocol to improve retention in substance use disorder clinical trials. Addictive Behaviors, 2017, 64, 137-142.	3.0	7
29	Editorial: Eyeblink Classical Conditioning in Psychiatric Conditions: Novel Uses for a Classic Paradigm. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2017, 8, 48.	2.6	2
30	Daily activity level improvement with antidepressant medications predicts long-term clinical outcomes in outpatients with major depressive disorder. Neuropsychiatric Disease and Treatment, 2017, Volume 13, 803-813.	2.2	21
31	Randomized Controlled Trial Comparing Exercise to Health Education for Stimulant Use Disorder. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2017, 78, 1075-1082.	2.2	53
32	The THINC-Integrated Tool (THINC-it) Screening Assessment for Cognitive Dysfunction. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2017, 78, 873-881.	2.2	100
33	Affect Following First Exercise Session as a Predictor of Treatment Response in Depression. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2016, 77, 1036-1042.	2.2	15
34	The Treatment with Exercise Augmentation for Depression (TREAD) study., 2016,, 96-108.		1
35	IMPROVEMENTS IN PSYCHOSOCIAL FUNCTIONING AND HEALTH-RELATED QUALITY OF LIFE FOLLOWING EXERCISE AUGMENTATION IN PATIENTS WITH TREATMENT RESPONSE BUT NONREMITTED MAJOR DEPRESSIVE DISORDER: RESULTS FROM THE TREAD STUDY. Depression and Anxiety, 2016, 33, 870-881.	4.1	31
36	Atypical depressive symptoms as a predictor of treatment response to exercise in Major Depressive Disorder. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2016, 200, 156-158.	4.1	15

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37	Early Improvement in Work Productivity Predicts Future Clinical Course in Depressed Outpatients: Findings From the CO-MED Trial. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 173, 1196-1204.	7.2	40
38	Early normalization of Quality of Life predicts later remission in depression: Findings from the CO-MED trial. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2016, 206, 17-22.	4.1	26
39	Baseline medical comorbidities in adults randomized in the STRIDE trial for psychostimulant use disorders. American Journal on Addictions, 2016, 25, 215-220.	1.4	4
40	Early Improvement in Psychosocial Function Predicts Longer-Term Symptomatic Remission in Depressed Patients. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0167901.	2.5	26
41	Evaluation of anhedonia with the Snaith–Hamilton Pleasure Scale (SHAPS) in adult outpatients with major depressive disorder. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2015, 65, 124-130.	3.1	36
42	Dose-dependent changes in cognitive function with exercise augmentation for major depression: Results from the TREAD study. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 25, 248-256.	0.7	53
43	Comorbidities and Race/Ethnicity Among Adults with Stimulant Use Disorders in Residential Treatment. Journal of Ethnicity in Substance Abuse, 2015, 14, 79-95.	0.9	11
44	On the invariance of the Stimulant Craving Questionnaire (STCQ) across cocaine and methamphetamine users. Addictive Behaviors, 2015, 42, 144-147.	3.0	6
45	Men and women from the STRIDE clinical trial: An assessment of stimulant abstinence symptom severity at residential treatment entry. American Journal on Addictions, 2015, 24, 336-340.	1.4	7
46	Research staff training in a multisite randomized clinical trial: Methods and recommendations from the stimulant reduction intervention using dosed exercise (STRIDE) trial. Addiction Research and Theory, 2014, 22, 407-415.	1.9	14
47	Does Duloxetine Improve Cognitive Function Independently of Its Antidepressant Effect in Patients with Major Depressive Disorder and Subjective Reports of Cognitive Dysfunction?. Depression Research and Treatment, 2014, 2014, 1-13.	1.3	43
48	Cognitive dysfunction in unipolar depression: Implications for treatment. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2014, 152-154, 19-27.	4.1	221
49	Self-rated measure of pain frequency, intensity, and burden: Psychometric properties of a new instrument for the assessment of pain. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2014, 59, 155-160.	3.1	18
50	A health education intervention as the control condition in the CTN-0037 STRIDE multi-site exercise trial: Rationale and description. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2014, 7, 37-41.	1.8	11
51	Rationale and methods for site selection for a trial using a novel intervention to treat stimulant abuse. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2012, 33, 29-37.	1.8	17
52	STimulant Reduction Intervention using Dosed Exercise (STRIDE) $\hat{a} \in \text{``Description of the exercise}$ intervention and behavioral program to ensure adherence. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2012, 5, 175-182.	1.8	13
53	Rationale for Using Exercise in the Treatment of Stimulant Use Disorders. Journal of Global Drug Policy and Practice, 2012, 6, .	0.0	8
54	Determining the Primary Endpoint for a Stimulant Abuse Trial: Lessons Learned from STRIDE (CTN 0037). American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 2011, 37, 339-349.	2.1	13

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55	Effects of serum Brain Derived Neurotrophic Factor on exercise augmentation treatment of depression. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2011, 45, 1301-1306.	3.1	68
56	Stimulant Reduction Intervention using Dosed Exercise (STRIDE) - CTN 0037: Study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2011, 12, 206.	1.6	41
57	Exercise as an Augmentation Treatment for Nonremitted Major Depressive Disorder. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2011, 72, 677-684.	2.2	177
58	Association between depression severity and neurocognitive function in major depressive disorder: A review and synthesis Neuropsychology, 2010, 24, 9-34.	1.3	292
59	Defining and Measuring Functional Recovery from Depression. CNS Drugs, 2010, 24, 267-284.	5.9	163
60	Strategies to enhance the therapeutic efficacy of antidepressants: targeting residual symptoms. Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics, 2009, 9, 975-984.	2.8	65
61	Exercise in the treatment of depression. Current Psychiatry Reports, 2009, 11, 466-472.	4.5	53
62	DATE: Depressed adolescents treated with exercise: Study rationale and design for a pilot study. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2009, 2, 76-85.	1.8	19
63	The Promise of Exercise Interventions for the Anxiety Disorders. , 2008, , 81-104.		3
64	Exercise for Mood and Anxiety Disorders. Primary Care Companion To the Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2007, 09, 287-294.	0.6	32
65	Exercise as an Augmentation Strategy for Treatment of Major Depression. Journal of Psychiatric Practice, 2006, 12, 205-213.	0.7	145
66	TREAD: TReatment with Exercise Augmentation for Depression: study rationale and design. Clinical Trials, 2006, 3, 291-305.	1.6	66
67	Impaired delay and trace eyeblink conditioning performance in major depressive disorder. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2005, 86, 235-245.	4.1	22
68	Remission and recovery in depression treatment. Drug Development Research, 2005, 65, 335-343.	2.9	8
69	Implications of cognitive impairments on functional outcomes in major depressive disorder. , 0, , 125-144.		1