

Iulia Zoicas

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

29
papers

1,553
citations

567281

15
h-index

477307

29
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29
all docs

29
docs citations

29
times ranked

1781
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Acid Sphingomyelinase Is a Modulator of Contextual Fear. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 3398.	4.1	1
2	Brain Region-Dependent Effects of Neuropeptide Y on Conditioned Social Fear and Anxiety-Like Behavior in Male Mice. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 3695.	4.1	11
3	mRNA Expression of SMPD1 Encoding Acid Sphingomyelinase Decreases upon Antidepressant Treatment. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 5700.	4.1	10
4	Neuropeptide Y Reduces Social Fear in Male Mice: Involvement of Y1 and Y2 Receptors in the Dorsolateral Septum and Central Amygdala. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 10142.	4.1	5
5	Ceramides affect alcohol consumption and depressive-like and anxiety-like behavior in a brain region- and ceramide species-specific way in male mice. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2020, 25, e12847.	2.6	26
6	Social Fear Memory Requires Two Stages of Protein Synthesis in Mice. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020, 21, 5537.	4.1	6
7	Neuropeptide Y as Alternative Pharmacotherapy for Antidepressant-Resistant Social Fear. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020, 21, 8220.	4.1	6
8	Anxiety and Depression Are Related to Higher Activity of Sphingolipid Metabolizing Enzymes in the Rat Brain. <i>Cells</i> , 2020, 9, 1239.	4.1	16
9	Neuropeptide Y prolongs non-social memory in a brain region- and receptor-specific way in male mice. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2020, 175, 108199.	4.1	5
10	The Forebrain-Specific Overexpression of Acid Sphingomyelinase Induces Depressive-Like Symptoms in Mice. <i>Cells</i> , 2020, 9, 1244.	4.1	15
11	Neuropeptide Y reduces expression of social fear via simultaneous activation of Y1 and Y2 receptors. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 33, 1533-1539.	4.0	12
12	Disrupted-in-Schizophrenia 1 (DISC1) Overexpression and Juvenile Immune Activation Cause Sex-Specific Schizophrenia-Related Psychopathology in Rats. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 10, 222.	2.6	15
13	The Role of Metabotropic Glutamate Receptors in Social Behavior in Rodents. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2019, 20, 1412.	4.1	24
14	Effects of conditioned social fear on ethanol drinking and vice-versa in male mice. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 236, 2059-2067.	3.1	8
15	The Role of the N-Methyl-D-Aspartate Receptors in Social Behavior in Rodents. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2019, 20, 5599.	4.1	16
16	Oxytocin Signaling in the Lateral Septum Prevents Social Fear during Lactation. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2018, 28, 1066-1078.e6.	3.9	140
17	Prenatal androgen receptor activation determines adult alcohol and water drinking in a sex-specific way. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2018, 23, 904-920.	2.6	30
18	Pharmacological modulation of metabotropic glutamate receptor subtype 5 and 7 impairs extinction of social fear in a time-point-dependent manner. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2017, 328, 57-61.	2.2	10

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Neuropeptide Y prolongs non-social memory and differentially affects acquisition, consolidation, and retrieval of non-social and social memory in male mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 6821.	3.3	13
20	Role of Acid Sphingomyelinase in the Regulation of Social Behavior and Memory. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0162498.	2.5	19
21	Neuropeptide S reduces fear and avoidance of con-specifics induced by social fear conditioning and social defeat, respectively. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2016, 108, 284-291.	4.1	37
22	Maternal separation facilitates extinction of social fear in adult male mice. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2016, 297, 323-328.	2.2	47
23	Brain Oxytocin in Social Fear Conditioning and Its Extinction: Involvement of the Lateral Septum. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 39, 3027-3035.	5.4	163
24	Animal models of social avoidance and social fear. <i>Cell and Tissue Research</i> , 2013, 354, 107-118.	2.9	208
25	Oxytocin mediates rodent social memory within the lateral septum and the medial amygdala depending on the relevance of the social stimulus: Male juvenile versus female adult conspecifics. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2013, 38, 916-926.	2.7	169
26	Central administration of oxytocin receptor ligands affects cued fear extinction in rats and mice in a timepoint-dependent manner. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2012, 223, 149-158.	3.1	86
27	Social Fear Conditioning: A Novel and Specific Animal Model to Study Social Anxiety Disorder. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2012, 37, 1433-1443.	5.4	81
28	Pharmacological interference with metabotropic glutamate receptor subtype 7 but not subtype 5 differentially affects within- and between-session extinction of Pavlovian conditioned fear. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2012, 62, 1619-1626.	4.1	35
29	The Neuropeptide Oxytocin Facilitates Pro-Social Behavior and Prevents Social Avoidance in Rats and Mice. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 36, 2159-2168.	5.4	339