

Elisabeth Aparecida Audi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Antipanic-like effect of esketamine and buprenorphine in rats exposed to acute hypoxia. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2021, 418, 113651.	2.2	5
2	Effects of the adjunctive treatment of antidepressants with opiorphin on a panic-like defensive response in rats. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2020, 378, 112263.	2.2	5
3	δ -Opioid and 5-HT _{1A} receptors in the dorsomedial hypothalamus interact for the regulation of panic-related defensive responses. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2017, 31, 715-721.	4.0	7
4	Panicolytic-like effect of tramadol is mediated by opioid receptors in the dorsal periaqueductal grey. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2017, 326, 52-58.	2.2	5
5	Panicolytic-like action of bradykinin in the dorsal periaqueductal gray through δ -opioid and B ₂ -kinin receptors. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2017, 123, 80-87.	4.1	7
6	Participation of dorsal periaqueductal gray 5-HT _{1A} receptors in the panicolytic-like effect of the δ -opioid receptor antagonist Nor-BNI. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2017, 327, 75-82.	2.2	10
7	B ₂ -kinin receptors in the dorsal periaqueductal gray are implicated in the panicolytic-like effect of opiorphin. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 79, 493-498.	4.8	4
8	A serotonergic deficit in the dorsal periaqueductal gray matter may underpin enhanced panic-like behavior in diabetic rats. <i>Behavioural Pharmacology</i> , 2017, 28, 558-564.	1.7	3
9	Antidepressant-like Effect of Insulin in Streptozotocin-induced Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Rats. <i>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2016, 119, 243-248.	2.5	13
10	Opiorphin causes a panicolytic-like effect in rat panic models mediated by δ -opioid receptors in the dorsal periaqueductal gray. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2016, 101, 264-270.	4.1	13
11	Pharmacological evidence for the mediation of the panicolytic effect of fluoxetine by dorsal periaqueductal gray matter δ -opioid receptors. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2015, 99, 620-626.	4.1	19
12	Interaction between δ -opioid and 5-HT _{1A} receptors in the regulation of panic-related defensive responses in the rat dorsal periaqueductal grey. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 28, 1155-1160.	4.0	19
13	Molecular Docking and Panicolytic Effect of 8-Prenylnaringenin in the Elevated T-Maze. <i>Chemical and Pharmaceutical Bulletin</i> , 2014, 62, 1231-1237.	1.3	4
14	Evaluation of neurotransmitters involved in the anxiolytic and panicolytic effect of the aqueous fraction of <i>Paullinia cupana</i> (guaraná) in elevated T maze. <i>Revista Brasileira De Farmacognosia</i> , 2013, 23, 358-365.	1.4	13
15	Acute and Chronic Toxicity of an Aqueous Fraction of the Stem Bark of <i>Stryphnodendron adstringens</i> (Barbatimão) in Rodents. <i>Evidence-based Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2013, 2013, 1-9.	1.2	19
16	Cooperative regulation of anxiety and panic-related defensive behaviors in the rat periaqueductal grey matter by 5-HT _{1A} and μ -receptors. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2013, 27, 1141-1148.	4.0	38
17	The panicolytic-like effect of fluoxetine in the elevated T-maze is mediated by serotonin-induced activation of endogenous opioids in the dorsal periaqueductal grey. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2012, 26, 525-531.	4.0	32
18	Assessment of anxiolytic and panicolytic effects of dichloromethane fraction from stems of <i>Kielmeyera coriacea</i> . <i>Phytomedicine</i> , 2012, 19, 374-377.	5.3	9

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19	Anxiolytic Effects of a Semipurified Constituent of Guaranã Seeds on Rats in the Elevated T-Maze Test. <i>Planta Medica</i> , 2011, 77, 236-241.	1.3	24
20	Serotonin-1A receptors in the dorsal periaqueductal gray matter mediate the panicolytic-like effect of pindolol and paroxetine combination in the elevated T-maze. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2011, 495, 63-66.	2.1	13
21	Effect of xanthone from <i>Kielmeyera coriacea</i> stems on serotonergic neurons of the median raphe nucleus. <i>Phytomedicine</i> , 2010, 17, 274-278.	5.3	21
22	The combination of <i>Passiflora alata</i> and <i>Valeriana officinalis</i> on memory tasks in mice: comparison with diazepam. <i>Brazilian Archives of Biology and Technology</i> , 2010, 53, 1343-1350.	0.5	1
23	Pindolol potentiates the panicolytic effect of paroxetine in the elevated T-maze. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2010, 87, 445-450.	4.3	7
24	Acute and subchronic toxicological evaluation of the semipurified extract of seeds of guaranã (<i>Paullinia cupana</i>) in rodents. <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 2010, 48, 1817-1820.	3.6	44
25	Preliminary toxicity study of dichloromethane extract of <i>Kielmeyera coriacea</i> stems in mice and rats. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2008, 115, 131-139.	4.1	39
26	Serotonergic Neurons of Dorsal Raphe Nucleus on the Effect of a Xanthone from <i>Kielmeyera coriacea</i> Stems in Behavioral Tests. <i>Pharmaceutical Biology</i> , 2008, 46, 883-888.	2.9	1
27	Involvement of Serotonin in the Antidepressant-like Effect of Extract from <i>Kielmeyera coriacea</i> . Stems. <i>Pharmaceutical Biology</i> , 2007, 45, 169-175.	2.9	7
28	Effect of lyophilized extracts from guaranã seeds [<i>Paullinia cupana</i> var. <i>sorbilis</i> (Mart.) Ducke] on behavioral profiles in rats. <i>Phytotherapy Research</i> , 2007, 21, 531-535.	5.8	39
29	Evaluation of gastric anti-ulcer activity in a hydro-ethanolic extract from <i>Kielmeyera coriacea</i> . <i>Brazilian Archives of Biology and Technology</i> , 2005, 48, 211-216.	0.5	22
30	Effect of crude extract and its semi purified constituents from guaranã seeds [<i>Paullinia cupana</i> var. <i>sorbilis</i> (Mart.) Lucke] on cognitive performance in Morris water maze in rats. <i>Brazilian Archives of Biology and Technology</i> , 2005, 48, 723-728.	0.5	22
31	Preliminary evaluation of <i>Kielmeyera coriacea</i> leaves extract on the central nervous system. <i>Fã-toterapã-ãç</i> , 2002, 73, 517-519.	2.2	20
32	Role of the amygdala and periaqueductal gray in anxiety and panic. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 1993, 58, 123-131.	2.2	271
33	Microinjection of propranolol into the dorsal periaqueductal gray causes an anxiolytic effect in the elevated plus-maze antagonized by ritanserin. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 1991, 105, 553-557.	3.1	37
34	Behavioral effects of 5-HT receptor ligands in the aversive brain stimulation, elevated plus-maze and learned helplessness tests. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 1990, 14, 501-506.	6.1	27
35	Mediation by serotonin of the antiaversive effect of zimelidine and propranolol injected into the dorsal midbrain central grey. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 1988, 2, 26-32.	4.0	34
36	GABAA receptors in the midbrain central grey mediate the antiaversive action of GABA. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1987, 135, 225-229.	3.5	21

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37	Modulation of the brain aversive system by gabaregic and serotonergic mechanisms. Behavioural Brain Research, 1986, 22, 173-180.	2.2	43
38	Modulation of the brain aversive system by GABAergic and serotonergic mechanisms. Behavioural Brain Research, 1986, 21, 65-72.	2.2	47
39	Benzodiazepine receptors in the periaqueductal grey mediate anti-aversive drug action. European Journal of Pharmacology, 1984, 103, 279-285.	3.5	62