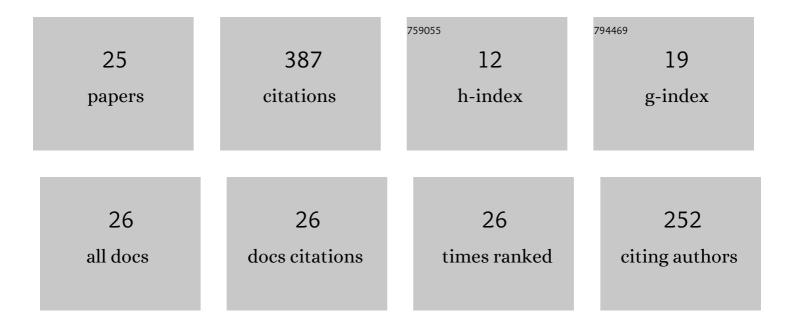
Calle Winskog

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Full Body Virtual Autopsies using a State-of-the-art Volume Rendering Pipeline. IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics, 2006, 12, 869-876.	2.9	67
2	Potential problems arising during international disaster victim identification (DVI) exercises. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2010, 6, 1-2.	0.6	41
3	Wischnewski spots and hypothermia: sensitive, specific, or serendipitous?. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2013, 9, 88-90.	0.6	36
4	Why are Wischnewski spots not always present in lethal hypothermia? The results of testing a stress-reduced animal model. Journal of Clinical Forensic and Legal Medicine, 2013, 20, 785-787.	0.5	28
5	Validation of ultraviolet, infrared, and narrow band light alternate light sources for detection of bruises in a pigskin model. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2016, 12, 435-443.	0.6	25
6	Additional risk factors for lethal hypothermia. Journal of Clinical Forensic and Legal Medicine, 2013, 20, 595-597.	0.5	21
7	Underwater disaster victim identification: the process and the problems. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2012, 8, 174-178.	0.6	17
8	Validation of alternate light sources for detection of bruises in non-embalmed and embalmed cadavers. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2017, 13, 28-33.	0.6	17
9	Histology in forensic practice: required or redundant?. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2012, 8, 56-57.	0.6	16
10	Issues in the diagnosis of hypothermia: A comparison of two geographically separate populations. Journal of Clinical Forensic and Legal Medicine, 2014, 22, 30-32.	0.5	13
11	The educational value of disaster victim identification (DVI) missions—transfer of knowledge. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2012, 8, 84-87.	0.6	12
12	The progression from disaster victim identification (DVI) to disaster victim management (DVM): a necessary evolution. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2012, 8, 81-83.	0.6	12
13	A Comparison of Hypothermic Deaths in South Australia and Sweden. Journal of Forensic Sciences, 2014, 59, 983-985.	0.9	12
14	An Assessment of the Usefulness of Routine Histological Examination in Hanging Deaths. Journal of Forensic Sciences, 2012, 57, 976-978.	0.9	11
15	Lethal hypothermia in an animal model, not associated with basal renal epithelial vacuolization. Journal of Clinical Forensic and Legal Medicine, 2014, 21, 14-16.	0.5	11
16	Decapitation: a rare form of postmortem mutilation. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2016, 12, 98-100.	0.6	9
17	Letter to the Editor—Quality Assurance in Disaster Victim Identification (DVI) Exercises. Journal of Forensic Sciences, 2010, 55, 1135-1135.	0.9	8
18	DVI missions in the Carribean—the practical aspects of disaster victim identification. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2012, 8, 109-113.	0.6	8

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Neonatal Limb Amputation—An Unusual Form of Postmortem Canine Predation. Journal of Forensic Sciences, 2017, 62, 937-939.	0.9	8
20	Forensic Virtual Autopsies by Direct Volume Rendering [DSP Applications]. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine, 2007, 24, 112-116.	4.6	5
21	Lethal hypothermia in South Australia. Medical Journal of Australia, 2012, 197, 622-622.	0.8	4
22	How useful are ultraviolet, infrared, and narrow band light sources for enhancing occult bruises in cases of assault?. Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology, 2016, 12, 209-210.	0.6	3
23	Lethal consequences of home cot modification. Australian Journal of Forensic Sciences, 2016, 48, 50-53.	0.7	2
24	Homicides in Samoa – a five-year study. Australian Journal of Forensic Sciences, 2018, 50, 435-438.	0.7	1
25	Evolution of Disaster Victim Identification (DVI/DVM): An Overview of Management and Pitfalls. , 2016, , 515-533.		0