

# Harry T Orr

## List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

167  
papers

19,253  
citations

65  
h-index

138  
g-index

179  
ext. papers

20,855  
ext. citations

15.5  
avg, IF

6.49  
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
167	Stephen T. Warren, Ph.D. (1953-2021): A remembrance.. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>2022</b> , 109, 3-11	11	0
166	Autistic-like behavior and cerebellar dysfunction in Bmal1 mutant mice ameliorated by mTORC1 inhibition.. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , <b>2022</b> ,	15.1	1
165	Cholecystokinin 1 receptor activation restores normal mTORC1 signaling and is protective to Purkinje cells of SCA mice. <i>Cell Reports</i> , <b>2021</b> , 37, 109831	10.6	2
164	Dual targeting of brain region-specific kinases potentiates neurological rescue in Spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>EMBO Journal</i> , <b>2021</b> , 40, e106106	13	1
163	Modulation of ATXN1 S776 phosphorylation reveals the importance of allele-specific targeting in SCA1. <i>JCI Insight</i> , <b>2021</b> , 6,	9.9	2
162	Consensus Paper: Strengths and Weaknesses of Animal Models of Spinocerebellar Ataxias and Their Clinical Implications. <i>Cerebellum</i> , <b>2021</b> , 1	4.3	2
161	Targeting inhibitory cerebellar circuitry to alleviate behavioral deficits in a mouse model for studying idiopathic autism. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 45, 1159-1170	8.7	14
160	The ataxin-1 interactome reveals direct connection with multiple disrupted nuclear transport pathways. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2020</b> , 11, 3343	17.4	5
159	Antisense Oligonucleotide Therapeutic Approach for Suppression of Ataxin-1 Expression: A Safety Assessment. <i>Molecular Therapy - Nucleic Acids</i> , <b>2020</b> , 21, 1006-1016	10.7	3
158	Altered Capicua expression drives regional Purkinje neuron vulnerability through ion channel gene dysregulation in spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2020</b> , 29, 3249-3265	5.6	5
157	Treadmill training increases the motor activity and neuron survival of the cerebellum in a mouse model of spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Kaohsiung Journal of Medical Sciences</i> , <b>2019</b> , 35, 679-685	2.4	5
156	Motor neuron degeneration correlates with respiratory dysfunction in SCA1. <i>DMM Disease Models and Mechanisms</i> , <b>2018</b> , 11,	4.1	14
155	Spinocerebellar Ataxia Type 1: Molecular Mechanisms of Neurodegeneration and Preclinical Studies. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 1049, 135-145	3.6	16
154	ATXN1-CIC Complex Is the Primary Driver of Cerebellar Pathology in Spinocerebellar Ataxia Type 1 through a Gain-of-Function Mechanism. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2018</b> , 97, 1235-1243.e5	13.9	45
153	PAK1 regulates ATXN1 levels providing an opportunity to modify its toxicity in spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2018</b> , 27, 2863-2873	5.6	11
152	Antisense oligonucleotide-mediated ataxin-1 reduction prolongs survival in SCA1 mice and reveals disease-associated transcriptome profiles. <i>JCI Insight</i> , <b>2018</b> , 3,	9.9	54
151	Polarization-sensitive optical coherence tomography reveals gray matter and white matter atrophy in SCA1 mouse models. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , <b>2018</b> , 116, 69-77	7.5	6

150	Reduction of protein kinase A-mediated phosphorylation of ATXN1-S776 in Purkinje cells delays onset of Ataxia in a SCA1 mouse model. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , <b>2018</b> , 116, 93-105	7.5	16
149	Disruption of the ATXN1-CIC complex causes a spectrum of neurobehavioral phenotypes in mice and humans. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>2017</b> , 49, 527-536	36.3	71
148	Polyglutamine spinocerebellar ataxias - from genes to potential treatments. <i>Nature Reviews Neuroscience</i> , <b>2017</b> , 18, 613-626	13.5	174
147	Spinocerebellar Ataxias <b>2017</b> , 284-295		0
146	Visualizing and mapping the cerebellum with serial optical coherence scanner. <i>NeuroPhotonics</i> , <b>2017</b> , 4, 011006	3.9	11
145	Cerebellar Transcriptome Profiles of ATXN1 Transgenic Mice Reveal SCA1 Disease Progression and Protection Pathways. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2016</b> , 89, 1194-1207	13.9	60
144	Tolerance is established in polyclonal CD4(+) T cells by distinct mechanisms, according to self-peptide expression patterns. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 17, 187-95	19.1	120
143	Extensive cryptic splicing upon loss of RBM17 and TDP43 in neurodegeneration models. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2016</b> , 25, 5083-5093	5.6	50
142	Diminishing return for mechanistic therapeutics with neurodegenerative disease duration?: There may be a point in the course of a neurodegenerative condition where therapeutics targeting disease-causing mechanisms are futile. <i>BioEssays</i> , <b>2016</b> , 38, 977-80	4.1	18
141	Pumilio1 haploinsufficiency leads to SCA1-like neurodegeneration by increasing wild-type Ataxin1 levels. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2015</b> , 160, 1087-98	56.2	100
140	Animal Models of Spinocerebellar Ataxia Type 1 <b>2015</b> , 979-990		
139	Neuronal Atrophy Early in Degenerative Ataxia Is a Compensatory Mechanism to Regulate Membrane Excitability. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2015</b> , 35, 11292-307	6.6	71
138	Assessing recovery from neurodegeneration in spinocerebellar ataxia 1: Comparison of in vivo magnetic resonance spectroscopy with motor testing, gene expression and histology. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , <b>2015</b> , 74, 158-66	7.5	19
137	A native interactor scaffolds and stabilizes toxic ATAXIN-1 oligomers in SCA1. <i>ELife</i> , <b>2015</b> , 4,	8.9	23
136	Ataxin-1 oligomers induce local spread of pathology and decreasing them by passive immunization slows Spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 phenotypes. <i>ELife</i> , <b>2015</b> , 4,	8.9	12
135	Purkinje cell ataxin-1 modulates climbing fiber synaptic input in developing and adult mouse cerebellum. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2013</b> , 33, 5806-20	6.6	37
134	The unstable repeats--three evolving faces of neurological disease. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2013</b> , 77, 825-43	13.9	151
133	RAS-MAPK-MSK1 pathway modulates ataxin 1 protein levels and toxicity in SCA1. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2013</b> , 498, 325-331	50.4	101

132	Polyglutamine disease toxicity is regulated by Nemo-like kinase in spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2013</b> , 33, 9328-36	6.6	19
131	Toxic RNA as a driver of disease in a common form of ALS and dementia. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2013</b> , 110, 7533-4	11.5	8
130	Regulation of ataxin-1 phosphorylation and its impact on biology. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 1010, 201-9	1.4	10
129	Genetically engineered mouse models of the trinucleotide-repeat spinocerebellar ataxias. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , <b>2012</b> , 88, 33-42	3.9	18
128	Polyglutamine neurodegeneration: expanded glutamines enhance native functions. <i>Current Opinion in Genetics and Development</i> , <b>2012</b> , 22, 251-5	4.9	61
127	SCA1-phosphorylation, a regulator of Ataxin-1 function and pathogenesis. <i>Progress in Neurobiology</i> , <b>2012</b> , 99, 179-85	10.9	28
126	Cell biology of spinocerebellar ataxia. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , <b>2012</b> , 197, 167-77	7.3	123
125	ATXN1 protein family and CIC regulate extracellular matrix remodeling and lung alveolarization. <i>Developmental Cell</i> , <b>2011</b> , 21, 746-57	10.2	73
124	Are polyglutamine diseases expanding?. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2011</b> , 70, 377-8	13.9	2
123	FTD and ALS: genetic ties that bind. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2011</b> , 72, 189-90	13.9	24
122	In vivo monitoring of recovery from neurodegeneration in conditional transgenic SCA1 mice. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , <b>2011</b> , 232, 290-8	5.7	24
121	Exercise and genetic rescue of SCA1 via the transcriptional repressor Capicua. <i>Science</i> , <b>2011</b> , 334, 690-3	33.3	117
120	14-3-3 Binding to ataxin-1(ATXN1) regulates its dephosphorylation at Ser-776 and transport to the nucleus. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , <b>2011</b> , 286, 34606-16	5.4	43
119	Regional rescue of spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 phenotypes by 14-3-3epsilon haploinsufficiency in mice underscores complex pathogenicity in neurodegeneration. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2011</b> , 108, 2142-7	11.5	56
118	Aminopyridines correct early dysfunction and delay neurodegeneration in a mouse model of spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2011</b> , 31, 11795-807	6.6	104
117	Abnormalities in the climbing fiber-Purkinje cell circuitry contribute to neuronal dysfunction in ATXN1[82Q] mice. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2011</b> , 31, 12778-89	6.6	61
116	Partial loss of Tip60 slows mid-stage neurodegeneration in a spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 (SCA1) mouse model. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2011</b> , 20, 2204-12	5.6	48
115	Intrinsic Brain Signaling Pathways: Targets of Neuron Degeneration. <i>Research and Perspectives in Alzheimer's Disease</i> , <b>2011</b> , 125-131		

114	Nuclear ataxias. <i>Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Biology</i> , <b>2010</b> , 2, a000786	10.2	8
113	Noninvasive detection of presymptomatic and progressive neurodegeneration in a mouse model of spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2010</b> , 30, 3831-8	6.6	72
112	Partial loss of ataxin-1 function contributes to transcriptional dysregulation in spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 pathogenesis. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , <b>2010</b> , 6, e1001021	6	95
111	SCA1-like disease in mice expressing wild-type ataxin-1 with a serine to aspartic acid replacement at residue 776. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2010</b> , 67, 929-35	13.9	120
110	Unstable nucleotide repeat minireview series: a molecular biography of unstable repeat disorders. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , <b>2009</b> , 284, 7405	5.4	6
109	Pathogenic mechanisms of a polyglutamine-mediated neurodegenerative disease, spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , <b>2009</b> , 284, 7425-9	5.4	165
108	Phosphorylation of ATXN1 at Ser776 in the cerebellum. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , <b>2009</b> , 110, 675-86	6	47
107	Emerging pathogenic pathways in the spinocerebellar ataxias. <i>Current Opinion in Genetics and Development</i> , <b>2009</b> , 19, 247-53	4.9	62
106	Characterization of the zebrafish atxn1/axh gene family. <i>Journal of Neurogenetics</i> , <b>2009</b> , 23, 313-23	1.6	15
105	Opposing effects of polyglutamine expansion on native protein complexes contribute to SCA1. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2008</b> , 452, 713-8	50.4	250
104	miR-19, miR-101 and miR-130 co-regulate ATXN1 levels to potentially modulate SCA1 pathogenesis. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , <b>2008</b> , 11, 1137-9	25.5	182
103	The insulin-like growth factor pathway is altered in spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 and type 7. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2008</b> , 105, 1291-6	11.5	74
102	Antisense RNA sequences modulating the ataxin-1 message: molecular model of gene therapy for spinocerebellar ataxia type 1, a dominant-acting unstable trinucleotide repeat disease. <i>Cell Transplantation</i> , <b>2008</b> , 17, 723-34	4	7
101	Trinucleotide repeat disorders. <i>Annual Review of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2007</b> , 30, 575-621	17	1120
100	Duplication of Atxn1l suppresses SCA1 neuropathology by decreasing incorporation of polyglutamine-expanded ataxin-1 into native complexes. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>2007</b> , 39, 373-9	36.3	64
99	Hsp70/Hsc70 regulates the effect phosphorylation has on stabilizing ataxin-1. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , <b>2007</b> , 102, 2040-2048	6	11
98	Lithium therapy improves neurological function and hippocampal dendritic arborization in a spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 mouse model. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , <b>2007</b> , 4, e182	11.6	129
97	Spinocerebellar Ataxia Type 1 <b>2007</b> , 149-155		

96	Polyglutamine neurodegenerative diseases and regulation of transcription: assembling the puzzle. <i>Genes and Development</i> , <b>2006</b> , 20, 2183-92	12.6	121
95	Targeted deletion of a single Sca8 ataxia locus allele in mice causes abnormal gait, progressive loss of motor coordination, and Purkinje cell dendritic deficits. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2006</b> , 26, 9975-82	6.6	62
94	RORalpha-mediated Purkinje cell development determines disease severity in adult SCA1 mice. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2006</b> , 127, 697-708	56.2	180
93	ATAXIN-1 interacts with the repressor Capicua in its native complex to cause SCA1 neuropathology. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2006</b> , 127, 1335-47	56.2	242
92	Spinocerebellar Ataxia Type 1 <b>2006</b> , 87-99		
91	Phosphorylation of Ataxin-1: A Link Between Basic Research and Clinical Application in Spinocerebellar Ataxia Type 1 <b>2006</b> , 339-349		
90	The AXH domain of Ataxin-1 mediates neurodegeneration through its interaction with Gfi-1/Senseless proteins. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2005</b> , 122, 633-44	56.2	164
89	Identification of a novel phosphorylation site in ataxin-1. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research</i> , <b>2005</b> , 1744, 11-8	4.9	13
88	Animal Models of Spinocerebellar Ataxia Type 1 (SCA1) <b>2005</b> , 623-630		
87	A cell-based screen for modulators of ataxin-1 phosphorylation. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2005</b> , 14, 1095-105	5.6	27
86	SUMOylation of the polyglutamine repeat protein, ataxin-1, is dependent on a functional nuclear localization signal. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , <b>2005</b> , 280, 21942-8	5.4	77
85	RNA association and nucleocytoplasmic shuttling by ataxin-1. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , <b>2005</b> , 118, 233-42	5.3	92
84	Generation and characterization of LANP/pp32 null mice. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , <b>2004</b> , 24, 3140-9	4.8	32
83	Gene profiling links SCA1 pathophysiology to glutamate signaling in Purkinje cells of transgenic mice. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2004</b> , 13, 2535-43	5.6	152
82	The effects of the polyglutamine repeat protein ataxin-1 on the UbL-UBA protein A1Up. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , <b>2004</b> , 279, 42290-301	5.4	39
81	Recovery from polyglutamine-induced neurodegeneration in conditional SCA1 transgenic mice. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2004</b> , 24, 8853-61	6.6	229
80	RNAi suppresses polyglutamine-induced neurodegeneration in a model of spinocerebellar ataxia. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , <b>2004</b> , 10, 816-20	50.5	577
79	RNA gains a new function: a mediator of neurodegeneration. <i>Trends in Neurosciences</i> , <b>2004</b> , 27, 233-4	13.3	9

78	Overexpression of CREB reduces CRE-mediated transcription: behavioral and cellular analyses in transgenic mice. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , <b>2004</b> , 25, 602-11	4.8	12
77	Into the depths of ataxia. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , <b>2004</b> , 113, 505-7	15.9	4
76	Interaction of Akt-phosphorylated ataxin-1 with 14-3-3 mediates neurodegeneration in spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2003</b> , 113, 457-68	56.2	344
75	Serine 776 of ataxin-1 is critical for polyglutamine-induced disease in SCA1 transgenic mice. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2003</b> , 38, 375-87	13.9	275
74	Mapmodulin/leucine-rich acidic nuclear protein binds the light chain of microtubule-associated protein 1B and modulates neuritogenesis. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , <b>2003</b> , 278, 34691-9	5.4	56
73	Regional differences of somatic CAG repeat instability do not account for selective neuronal vulnerability in a knock-in mouse model of SCA1. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2003</b> , 12, 2789-95	5.6	43
72	Spinocerebellar Ataxia 1 (SCA1) <b>2003</b> , 35-43		
71	The GSK3 beta signaling cascade and neurodegenerative disease. <i>Current Opinion in Neurobiology</i> , <b>2002</b> , 12, 275-8	7.6	168
70	Amino acids in a region of ataxin-1 outside of the polyglutamine tract influence the course of disease in SCA1 transgenic mice. <i>NeuroMolecular Medicine</i> , <b>2002</b> , 1, 33-42	4.6	19
69	Microarrays and polyglutamine disorders: reports from the Hereditary Disease Array Group. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2002</b> , 11, 1909-10	5.6	13
68	A long CAG repeat in the mouse Sca1 locus replicates SCA1 features and reveals the impact of protein solubility on selective neurodegeneration. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2002</b> , 34, 905-19	13.9	250
67	Lurcher, nPIST, and autophagy. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2002</b> , 35, 813-4	13.9	8
66	Reduction of Purkinje cell pathology in SCA1 transgenic mice by p53 deletion. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , <b>2001</b> , 8, 974-81	7.5	35
65	Altered trafficking of membrane proteins in purkinje cells of SCA1 transgenic mice. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , <b>2001</b> , 159, 905-13	5.8	80
64	Qs in the nucleus. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>2001</b> , 31, 875-6	13.9	9
63	RNA targets of the fragile X protein. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2001</b> , 107, 555-7	56.2	28
62	Calcium dynamics and electrophysiological properties of cerebellar Purkinje cells in SCA1 transgenic mice. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , <b>2001</b> , 85, 1750-60	3.2	52
61	Spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 <b>2001</b> , 409-418		



60	Spinocerebellar ataxia type 1--modeling the pathogenesis of a polyglutamine neurodegenerative disorder in transgenic mice. <i>Journal of Neuropathology and Experimental Neurology</i> , <b>2000</b> , 59, 265-70	3.1	41
59	Polyglutamine expansion down-regulates specific neuronal genes before pathologic changes in SCA1. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , <b>2000</b> , 3, 157-63	25.5	299
58	Identification of genes that modify ataxin-1-induced neurodegeneration. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2000</b> , 408, 101-6	50.4	560
57	The ins and outs of a polyglutamine neurodegenerative disease: spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 (SCA1). <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , <b>2000</b> , 7, 129-34	7.5	15
56	Reversing neurodegeneration: a promise unfolds. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2000</b> , 101, 1-4	56.2	75
55	Glutamine repeats and neurodegeneration. <i>Annual Review of Neuroscience</i> , <b>2000</b> , 23, 217-47	17	1110
54	Polyglutamine diseases: protein cleavage and aggregation. <i>Current Opinion in Neurobiology</i> , <b>1999</b> , 9, 566-70	7.6	94
53	Mutation of the E6-AP ubiquitin ligase reduces nuclear inclusion frequency while accelerating polyglutamine-induced pathology in SCA1 mice. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>1999</b> , 24, 879-92	13.9	449
52	Progress in pathogenesis studies of spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>1999</b> , 354, 1079-81	5.8	51
51	Pathogenesis of polyglutamine-induced disease: A model for SCA1. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , <b>1999</b> , 66, 172-8	3.7	8
50	Transgenic Mouse Models of CAG Trinucleotide Repeat Neurologic Diseases <b>1999</b> , 163-185		
49	Chaperone suppression of aggregation and altered subcellular proteasome localization imply protein misfolding in SCA1. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>1998</b> , 19, 148-54	36.3	766
48	Ataxin-1 nuclear localization and aggregation: role in polyglutamine-induced disease in SCA1 transgenic mice. <i>Cell</i> , <b>1998</b> , 95, 41-53	56.2	898
47	The transcription factor E2F-1 in SV40 T antigen-induced cerebellar Purkinje cell degeneration. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , <b>1998</b> , 12, 16-28	4.8	25
46	Mice lacking ataxin-1 display learning deficits and decreased hippocampal paired-pulse facilitation. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>1998</b> , 18, 5508-16	6.6	181
45	Increased trinucleotide repeat instability with advanced maternal age. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1997</b> , 6, 2135-9	5.6	87
44	Susceptibility to cell death induced by mutant SV40 T-antigen correlates with Purkinje neuron functional development. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , <b>1997</b> , 9, 42-62	4.8	23
43	Cytotoxic T lymphocyte recognition of HLA-G in mice. <i>Human Immunology</i> , <b>1997</b> , 55, 127-39	2.3	20



42	Purkinje cell expression of a mutant allele of SCA1 in transgenic mice leads to disparate effects on motor behaviors, followed by a progressive cerebellar dysfunction and histological alterations. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , <b>1997</b> , 17, 7385-95	6.6	233
41	Ataxin-1 with an expanded glutamine tract alters nuclear matrix-associated structures. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1997</b> , 389, 971-4	50.4	498
40	The cerebellar leucine-rich acidic nuclear protein interacts with ataxin-1. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1997</b> , 389, 974-8	50.4	227
39	Mouse models of human CAG repeat disorders. <i>Brain Pathology</i> , <b>1997</b> , 7, 965-77	6	19
38	Cloning and developmental expression analysis of the murine homolog of the spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 gene (Sca1). <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1996</b> , 5, 33-40	5.6	46
37	Expression analysis of the ataxin-1 protein in tissues from normal and spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 individuals. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>1995</b> , 10, 94-8	36.3	265
36	Gametic and somatic tissue-specific heterogeneity of the expanded SCA1 CAG repeat in spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>1995</b> , 10, 344-50	36.3	163
35	HLA-G transgenic mice: a model for studying expression and function at the maternal/fetal interface. <i>Immunological Reviews</i> , <b>1995</b> , 147, 53-65	11.3	26
34	Spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Seminars in Cell Biology</i> , <b>1995</b> , 6, 29-35		88
33	SCA1 transgenic mice: a model for neurodegeneration caused by an expanded CAG trinucleotide repeat. <i>Cell</i> , <b>1995</b> , 82, 937-48	56.2	505
32	In vivo viability of postmitotic Purkinje neurons requires pRb family member function. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , <b>1995</b> , 6, 153-67	4.8	65
31	Identification and characterization of the gene causing type 1 spinocerebellar ataxia. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>1994</b> , 7, 513-20	36.3	310
30	Spinocerebellar ataxia type 5 in a family descended from the grandparents of President Lincoln maps to chromosome 11. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>1994</b> , 8, 280-4	36.3	294
29	Unstable trinucleotide repeats and the diagnosis of neurodegenerative disease. <i>Human Pathology</i> , <b>1994</b> , 25, 598-601	3.7	9
28	Expansion of an unstable trinucleotide CAG repeat in spinocerebellar ataxia type 1. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>1993</b> , 4, 221-6	36.3	1453
27	Evidence for a mechanism predisposing to intergenerational CAG repeat instability in spinocerebellar ataxia type I. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>1993</b> , 5, 254-8	36.3	436
26	Disrupted cerebellar cortical development and progressive degeneration of Purkinje cells in SV40 T antigen transgenic mice. <i>Neuron</i> , <b>1992</b> , 9, 955-66	13.9	191
25	HLA and maternal-fetal recognition. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , <b>1992</b> , 6, 2344-8	0.9	139

24	Linkage of an Alzheimer disease susceptibility locus to markers on human chromosome 21. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , <b>1991</b> , 40, 449-53		18
23	Protocol for genetic testing in Huntington disease: three years of experience in Minnesota. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , <b>1991</b> , 40, 518-22		20
22	Molecular and endocrine characterization of a mutation involving a recombination between the steroid 21-hydroxylase functional gene and pseudogene. <i>Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , <b>1991</b> , 38, 677-86	5.1	17
21	HLA non-A,B,C class I genes: their structure and expression. <i>Immunologic Research</i> , <b>1990</b> , 9, 265-74	4.3	50
20	Sequence of a murine cDNA, pcp-4, that encodes the homolog of the rat brain-specific antigen PEP-19. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , <b>1990</b> , 18, 1304	20.1	9
19	Differential expression of HLA-E, HLA-F, and HLA-G transcripts in human tissue. <i>Human Immunology</i> , <b>1990</b> , 29, 131-42	2.3	195
18	HLA Class I Gene Family: Characterization of Genes Encoding Non-HLA-A,B,C Proteins <b>1989</b> , 33-40		9
17	Transfer and Expression of Human Non-A,B,C Class I Genes in Human HLA A,B,C Null Lymphoblastoid Cells <b>1989</b> , 159-161		1
16	Diagnosis of classical steroid 21-hydroxylase deficiency using an HLA-B locus-specific DNA-probe. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , <b>1988</b> , 29, 703-12		16
15	Molecular analysis of the variant alloantigen HLA-B27d (HLA-B*2703) identifies a unique single amino acid substitution. <i>Human Immunology</i> , <b>1988</b> , 21, 209-19	2.3	49
14	Organization of the human class I major histocompatibility complex genes. <i>Immunologic Research</i> , <b>1987</b> , 6, 1-10	4.3	58
13	Use of DNA probes from the 5Rflanking region of the HLA-B gene to examine polymorphism at the HLA-B locus. <i>Human Immunology</i> , <b>1986</b> , 16, 137-47	2.3	16
12	Mapping of class I DNA sequences within the human major histocompatibility complex. <i>Immunogenetics</i> , <b>1983</b> , 18, 489-502	3.2	47
11	Class I-like HLA genes map telomeric to the HLA-A2 locus in human cells. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1983</b> , 302, 534-6	50.4	66
10	Use of HLA loss mutants to analyse the structure of the human major histocompatibility complex. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1982</b> , 296, 454-6	50.4	80
9	The Major Histocompatibility Complex: Analysis at the Protein and DNA Levels <b>1982</b> , 1-51		2
8	Major histocompatibility antigens: the human (HLA-A, -B, -C) and murine (H-2K, H-2D) class I molecules. <i>Cell</i> , <b>1981</b> , 24, 287-99	56.2	483
7	Complete Primary Structure of Human Histocompatibility Antigen HLA-B7 <b>1981</b> , 479-493		1

6	Complete primary structure of human histocompatibility antigen HLA-B7: evolutionary and functional implications. <i>Current Topics in Developmental Biology</i> , <b>1980</b> , 14, 97-113	5.3	3
5	The heavy chain of human histocompatibility antigen HLA-B7 contains an immunoglobulin-like region. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1979</b> , 282, 266-70	50.4	118
4	Complete amino acid sequence of a papain-solubilized human histocompatibility antigen, HLA-B7. 2. Sequence determination and search for homologies. <i>Biochemistry</i> , <b>1979</b> , 18, 5711-20	3.2	121
3	Complete amino acid sequence of a papain-solubilized human histocompatibility antigen HLA-B7. 1. Isolation and amino acid composition of fragments and of tryptic and chymotryptic peptides. <i>Biochemistry</i> , <b>1979</b> , 18, 5704-11	3.2	31
2	Assembly and maturation of HLA-A and HLA-B antigens in vivo. <i>Cell</i> , <b>1979</b> , 18, 979-91	56.2	262
1	Altered Capicua expression drives regional Purkinje neuron vulnerability through ion channel gene dysregulation in Spinocerebellar ataxia type 1		1