

Linnet Ramos

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Acute Prosocial Effects of Oxytocin and Vasopressin When Given Alone or in Combination with 3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine in Rats: Involvement of the V1A Receptor. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2013, 38, 2249-2259.	5.4	112
2	Oxytocin and MDMA (â€ˆEcstasyâ€™™) enhance social reward in rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 232, 2631-2641.	3.1	35
3	Adolescent exposure to oxytocin, but not the selective oxytocin receptor agonist TGOT, increases social behavior and plasma oxytocin in adulthood. <i>Hormones and Behavior</i> , 2014, 65, 488-496.	2.1	31
4	WAY 267,464, a non-peptide oxytocin receptor agonist, impairs social recognition memory in rats through a vasopressin 1A receptor antagonist action. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 232, 2659-2667.	3.1	19
5	Regional c-Fos expression induced by peripheral oxytocin administration is prevented by the vasopressin 1A receptor antagonist SR49059. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 2016, 127, 208-218.	3.0	19
6	Inhaled vasopressin increases sociability and reduces body temperature and heart rate in rats. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2014, 46, 46-51.	2.7	18
7	Dopamine D1-Like Receptor Agonist and D2-Like Receptor Antagonist (âˆš)-Stepholidine Reduces Reinstatement of Drug-Seeking Behavior for 3,4-Methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV) in Rats. <i>ACS Chemical Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 9, 1327-1337.	3.5	17
8	MDMA (â€ˆEcstasyâ€™™), oxytocin and vasopressin modulate social preference in rats: A role for handling and oxytocin receptors. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2016, 150-151, 115-123.	2.9	13
9	Contrasting regional Fos expression in adolescent and young adult rats following acute administration of the antidepressant paroxetine. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 2016, 121, 246-254.	3.0	6
10	Periaqueductal gray c-Fos expression varies relative to the method of conditioned taste aversion extinction employed. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2011, 1423, 17-29.	2.2	4
11	Stimulation of the dorsal periaqueductal gray enhances spontaneous recovery of a conditioned taste aversion. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2013, 1493, 27-39.	2.2	2