

Marin Pompa-GarcÃ-a

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

74

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471371

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docs citations

75

times ranked

855

citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Different xylogenesis responses to atmospheric water demand contribute to species coexistence in a mixed pine-oak forest. <i>Journal of Forestry Research</i> , 2023, 34, 51-62.	1.7	4
2	Multispectral indices and individual-tree level attributes explain forest productivity in a pine clonal orchard of Northern Mexico. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2022, 37, 4441-4453.	1.7	2
3	Pith Eccentricity, Basal Area Increments and Disturbances Inferred from Tree-Ring Growth. <i>Tree-Ring Research</i> , 2022, 78, .	0.4	2
4	Wood Anatomical Traits Respond to Climate but More Individualistically as Compared to Radial Growth: Analyze Trees, Not Means. <i>Forests</i> , 2022, 13, 956.	0.9	1
5	UAV-Based Characterization of Tree-Attributes and Multispectral Indices in an Uneven-Aged Mixed Conifer-Broadleaf Forest. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2022, 14, 2775.	1.8	4
6	Xylogenesis is uncoupled from forest productivity. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2021, 35, 1123-1134.	0.9	11
7	Run to the hills: Forest growth responsiveness to drought increased at higher elevation during the late 20th century. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 772, 145286.	3.9	18
8	Inter and intra-annual links between climate, tree growth and NDVI: improving the resolution of drought proxies in conifer forests. <i>International Journal of Biometeorology</i> , 2021, 65, 2111-2121.	1.3	12
9	Efecto de cuatro tratamientos silvÁcolas en la producciÃ³n maderable en un Bosque de Durango. <i>Revista Mexicana De Ciencias Forestales</i> , 2021, 12, .	0.1	2
10	Chemical composition of <i>Luffa aegyptiaca</i> Mill., <i>Agave durangensis</i> Gentry and <i>Pennisetum</i> sp.. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2021, 9, e10626.	0.9	4
11	Minimum and maximum wood density as proxies of water availability in two Mexican pine species coexisting in a seasonally dry area. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2021, 35, 597-607.	0.9	13
12	Growth, wood anatomy and stable isotopes show species-specific couplings in three Mexican conifers inhabiting drought-prone areas. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 698, 134055.	3.9	25
13	Agro-Pellets from Oil Palm Residues/Pine Sawdust Mixtures: Relationships of Their Physical, Mechanical and Energetic Properties, with the Raw Material Chemical Structure. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2020, 10, 6383.	1.3	18
14	Predicting forest fire kernel density at multiple scales with geographically weighted regression in Mexico. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 718, 137313.	3.9	37
15	Influence of Climate on Carbon Sequestration in Conifers Growing under Contrasting Hydro-Climatic Conditions. <i>Forests</i> , 2020, 11, 1134.	0.9	5
16	Detecting Individual Tree Attributes and Multispectral Indices Using Unmanned Aerial Vehicles: Applications in a Pine Clonal Orchard. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2020, 12, 4144.	1.8	32
17	How Drought Drives Seasonal Radial Growth in <i>Pinus strobus</i> from Northern Mexico. , 2020, , 21-36.	3	
18	Perspectivas de los anillos de crecimiento para estimaciÃ³n potencial de carbono en MÃ©jico. <i>Madera Bosques</i> , 2020, 26, .	0.1	3

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19	Drones: tecnologÃa con futuro promisorio en la gestiÃ³n forestal. Revista Mexicana De Ciencias Forestales, 2020, 11, .	0.1	8
20	Survival, growth and carbon content in a forest plantation established after a clear-cutting in Durango, Mexico. PeerJ, 2020, 8, e9506.	0.9	5
21	A Dendro-Spatial Analysis in Tree Growth Provides Insights into Forest Productivity., 2020, , 247-262.		2
22	EstimaciÃ³n de volumen forestal mediante imÃ¡genes de satÃ©lite Landsat 8 OLI en bosques templados mixtos. InvestigaciÃ³n Y Ciencia De La Universidad AutÃ³noma De Aguascalientes, 2020, , 40-49.	0.1	0
23	High responsiveness of wood anatomy to water availability and drought near the equatorial rear edge of Douglas-fir. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2019, 49, 1114-1123.	0.8	8
24	Seasonal growth responses to climate in wet and dry conifer forests. IAWA Journal, 2019, 40, 311-S1.	2.7	12
25	The occurrence of forest fires in Mexico presents an altitudinal tendency: a geospatial analysis. Natural Hazards, 2019, 96, 213-224.	1.6	11
26	Climate signals from intra-annual wood density fluctuations in <i>Abies durangensis</i> . IAWA Journal, 2019, 40, 276-287.	2.7	4
27	Drought regulates the burned forest areas in Mexico: the case of 2011, a record year. Geocarto International, 2019, 34, 560-573.	1.7	12
28	Spatial analysis of phenotypic variables in a clonal orchard of <i>Pinus arizonica</i> Engelm. in northern Mexico. Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2019, 25, 185-199.	0.1	2
29	Hydroclimatic variations reveal differences in carbon capture in two sympatric conifers in northern Mexico. PeerJ, 2019, 7, e7085.	0.9	7
30	Eficiencia del extracto vegetal de <i>Datura stramonium</i> L. como insecticida para el control de la mosca sierra. Madera Bosques, 2019, 25, .	0.1	5
31	Drought and Spatiotemporal Variability of Forest Fires Across Mexico. Chinese Geographical Science, 2018, 28, 25-37.	1.2	35
32	Growth of <i>Pinus cembroides</i> Zucc. in Response to Hydroclimatic Variability in Four Sites Forming the Species Latitudinal and Longitudinal Distribution Limits. Forests, 2018, 9, 440.	0.9	11
33	Evaluating the Multi-Functionality of Forest Ecosystems in Northern Mexico. Forests, 2018, 9, 178.	0.9	8
34	Dendroecological Approach to Assessing Carbon Accumulation Dynamics in Two <i>Pinus</i> Species from Northern Mexico. Tree-Ring Research, 2018, 74, 196-209.	0.4	8
35	Actividad del fuego en Ã¡reas forestales de MÃ©jico a partir de sensores remotos y su sensibilidad a la sequÃ¡a. Madera Bosques, 2018, 24, .	0.1	2
36	Effect of fire and elevation on the regeneration of <i>Pinus hartwegii</i> Lindl. in northeastern Mexico. Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2018, 24, 197-205.	0.1	1

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37	Observed and projected impacts of climate on radial growth of three endangered conifers in northern Mexico indicate high vulnerability of drought-sensitive species from mesic habitats. <i>Dendrochronologia</i> , 2017, 45, 145-155.	1.0	16
38	Differences in climate-growth relationship indicate diverse drought tolerances among five pine species coexisting in Northwestern Mexico. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2017, 31, 531-544.	0.9	42
39	Earlywood and Latewood Widths of <i>Picea chihuahuana</i> Show Contrasting Sensitivity to Seasonal Climate. <i>Forests</i> , 2017, 8, 173.	0.9	23
40	An Updated Review of Dendrochronological Investigations in Mexico, a Megadiverse Country with a High Potential for Tree-Ring Sciences. <i>Forests</i> , 2017, 8, 160.	0.9	26
41	Drought Influence over Radial Growth of Mexican Conifers Inhabiting Mesic and Xeric Sites. <i>Forests</i> , 2017, 8, 175.	0.9	18
42	Improving Identification of Areas for Ecological Restoration for Conservation by Integrating USLE and MCDA in a GIS-Environment: A Pilot Study in a Priority Region Northern Mexico. <i>ISPRS International Journal of Geo-Information</i> , 2017, 6, 262.	1.4	24
43	Spatial modeling of forest fires in Mexico: an integration of two data sources. <i>Bosque</i> , 2017, 38, 563-574.	0.1	12
44	Variation of carbon uptake from forest species in Mexico: a review. <i>Madera Bosques</i> , 2017, 23, 225-235.	0.1	8
45	Tissue carbon concentration of 175 Mexican forest species. <i>IForest</i> , 2017, 10, 754-758.	0.5	17
46	Within-tree carbon concentration variation in three Mexican pine species. <i>Bosque</i> , 2017, 38, 381-386.	0.1	3
47	Some tree species of ecological importance in Mexico: A documentary review. <i>Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente</i> , 2017, 23, 185-219.	0.1	2
48	Detection and Projection of Forest Changes by Using the Markov Chain Model and Cellular Automata. <i>Sustainability</i> , 2016, 8, 236.	1.6	44
49	Sensitivity of pines in Mexico to temperature varies with age. <i>Atmosfera</i> , 2016, 29, 209-219.	0.3	17
50	Temporal Variation of Wood Density and Carbon in Two Elevational Sites of <i>Pinus cooperi</i> in Relation to Climate Response in Northern Mexico. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0156782.	1.1	22
51	TamaÃ±o, color de nuez y sombra afectan la germinaciÃ³n de <i>Quercus deserticola</i> . <i>Madera Bosques</i> , 2016, 22, 67.	0.1	3
52	Characterization of the ecological quality of the gallery forest of the river La Sauceda, Durango, Mexico. <i>Hidrobiologica</i> , 2016, 26, 35-40.	0.1	3
53	Reconstructing Evaporation From Pine Tree Rings In Northern Mexico. <i>Tree-Ring Research</i> , 2015, 71, 95-105.	0.4	12
54	Tree growth response to ENSO in Durango, Mexico. <i>International Journal of Biometeorology</i> , 2015, 59, 89-97.	1.3	14

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55	Respuesta de madera temprana y tardÃa a la sequÃa en una conÃfera mexicana bajo dos condiciones ecolÃ³gicas. Ecosistemas, 2015, 24, .	0.2	5
56	ENSO index teleconnection with seasonal precipitation in a temperate ecosystem of northern Mexico. Atmosfera, 2015, 28, 43-50.	0.3	3
57	Response of tree radial growth to evaporation, as indicated by earlywood and latewood. Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2015, XXI, 57-65.	0.1	4
58	Seasonal precipitation reconstruction and teleconnections with ENSO based on tree ring analysis of <i>Pinus cooperi</i> . Theoretical and Applied Climatology, 2014, 117, 495-500.	1.3	14
59	Ocurrencia de incendios forestales y su teleconexiÃ³n con fenÃ³menos ENSO. CienciaUAT, 2014, 8, 06.	0.3	5
60	CONCENTRATION OF CARBON IN <i>Pinus cembroides</i> Zucc: MITIGATION POTENTIAL SOURCE OF GLOBAL WARMING. Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2014, XX, 169-175.	0.1	6
61	Sensibilidad climÃ¡tica de tres versiones dendrocronolÃ³gicas para una conÃfera mexicana. Madera Bosques, 2014, 20, 139-151.	0.1	2
62	Variation in radial growth of <i>Pinus cooperi</i> in response to climatic signals across an elevational gradient. Dendrochronologia, 2013, 31, 198-204.	1.0	24
63	TASA DE DEFORESTACIÃ“N EN SAN LUIS POTOSÃ„ MÃ‰XICO (1993-2007). Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2013, XIX, 201-215.	0.1	10
64	Modeling susceptibility to deforestation of remaining ecosystems in North Central Mexico with logistic regression. Journal of Forestry Research, 2012, 23, 345-354.	1.7	19
65	Calidad del bosque de ribera del rÃo El Tunal, Durango, MÃ©xico; mediante la aplicaciÃ³n del Ãndice QBR. Gayana - Botanica, 2012, 69, 147-151.	0.3	7
66	DeterminaciÃ³n de la tendencia espacial de los puntos de calor como estrategia para monitorear los incendios forestales en Durango, MÃ©xico. Bosque, 2012, 33, 13-14.	0.1	1
67	Geospatial Model as Strategy to Prevent Forest Fires: A Case Study. Journal of Environmental Protection, 2012, 03, 1034-1038.	0.3	2
68	Driving factors for forest fire occurrence in Durango State of Mexico: A geospatial perspective. Chinese Geographical Science, 2010, 20, 491-497.	1.2	46
69	Viewshed Analysis for Improving the Effectiveness of Watchtowers, in the North of Mexico~!2010-03-06~!2010-06-14~!2010-07-26~!. The Open Forest Science Journal, 2010, 3, 17-22.	0.9	7
70	ANÃLISIS ESPACIAL DE LA OCURRENCIA DE INCENDIOS FORESTALES EN EL ESTADO DE DURANGO. Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2010, XVI, 253-260.	0.2	9
71	A system for calculating the merchantable volume of oak trees in the northwest of the state of Chihuahua, Mexico. Journal of Forestry Research, 2009, 20, 293-300.	1.7	11
72	ModelaciÃ³n del volumen fustal de <i>Pinus durangensis</i> en Guachochi, Chihuahua, MÃ©xico. Madera Bosques, 2009, 15, 61-73.	0.1	1

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73	AnÃ¡lisis morfomÃ©trico de la cuenca El Salto, Durango, MÃ©jico. <i>Terra Latinoamericana</i> , 0, 39, .	0.3	0
74	Climate sensitivity of seasonal radial growth in young stands of Mexican conifers. <i>International Journal of Biometeorology</i> , 0, , .	1.3	0