

# Marin Pompa-García

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1032092/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

74  
papers

824  
citations

471509

17  
h-index

610901

24  
g-index

75  
all docs

75  
docs citations

75  
times ranked

855  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Driving factors for forest fire occurrence in Durango State of Mexico: A geospatial perspective. <i>Chinese Geographical Science</i> , 2010, 20, 491-497.	3.0	46
2	Detection and Projection of Forest Changes by Using the Markov Chain Model and Cellular Automata. <i>Sustainability</i> , 2016, 8, 236.	3.2	44
3	Differences in climate-growth relationship indicate diverse drought tolerances among five pine species coexisting in Northwestern Mexico. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2017, 31, 531-544.	1.9	42
4	Predicting forest fire kernel density at multiple scales with geographically weighted regression in Mexico. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 718, 137313.	8.0	37
5	Drought and Spatiotemporal Variability of Forest Fires Across Mexico. <i>Chinese Geographical Science</i> , 2018, 28, 25-37.	3.0	35
6	Detecting Individual Tree Attributes and Multispectral Indices Using Unmanned Aerial Vehicles: Applications in a Pine Clonal Orchard. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2020, 12, 4144.	4.0	32
7	An Updated Review of Dendrochronological Investigations in Mexico, a Megadiverse Country with a High Potential for Tree-Ring Sciences. <i>Forests</i> , 2017, 8, 160.	2.1	26
8	Growth, wood anatomy and stable isotopes show species-specific couplings in three Mexican conifers inhabiting drought-prone areas. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 698, 134055.	8.0	25
9	Variation in radial growth of <i>Pinus cooperi</i> in response to climatic signals across an elevational gradient. <i>Dendrochronologia</i> , 2013, 31, 198-204.	2.2	24
10	Improving Identification of Areas for Ecological Restoration for Conservation by Integrating USLE and MCDA in a GIS-Environment: A Pilot Study in a Priority Region Northern Mexico. <i>ISPRS International Journal of Geo-Information</i> , 2017, 6, 262.	2.9	24
11	Earlywood and Latewood Widths of <i>Picea chihuahuana</i> Show Contrasting Sensitivity to Seasonal Climate. <i>Forests</i> , 2017, 8, 173.	2.1	23
12	Temporal Variation of Wood Density and Carbon in Two Elevational Sites of <i>Pinus cooperi</i> in Relation to Climate Response in Northern Mexico. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0156782.	2.5	22
13	Modeling susceptibility to deforestation of remaining ecosystems in North Central Mexico with logistic regression. <i>Journal of Forestry Research</i> , 2012, 23, 345-354.	3.6	19
14	Drought Influence over Radial Growth of Mexican Conifers Inhabiting Mesic and Xeric Sites. <i>Forests</i> , 2017, 8, 175.	2.1	18
15	Agro-Pellets from Oil Palm Residues/Pine Sawdust Mixtures: Relationships of Their Physical, Mechanical and Energetic Properties, with the Raw Material Chemical Structure. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2020, 10, 6383.	2.5	18
16	Run to the hills: Forest growth responsiveness to drought increased at higher elevation during the late 20th century. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 772, 145286.	8.0	18
17	Sensitivity of pines in Mexico to temperature varies with age. <i>Atmosfera</i> , 2016, 29, 209-219.	0.8	17
18	Tissue carbon concentration of 175 Mexican forest species. <i>IForest</i> , 2017, 10, 754-758.	1.4	17

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Observed and projected impacts of climate on radial growth of three endangered conifers in northern Mexico indicate high vulnerability of drought-sensitive species from mesic habitats. <i>Dendrochronologia</i> , 2017, 45, 145-155.	2.2	16
20	Seasonal precipitation reconstruction and teleconnections with ENSO based on tree ring analysis of <i>Pinus cooperi</i> . <i>Theoretical and Applied Climatology</i> , 2014, 117, 495-500.	2.8	14
21	Tree growth response to ENSO in Durango, Mexico. <i>International Journal of Biometeorology</i> , 2015, 59, 89-97.	3.0	14
22	Minimum and maximum wood density as proxies of water availability in two Mexican pine species coexisting in a seasonally dry area. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2021, 35, 597-607.	1.9	13
23	Reconstructing Evaporation From Pine Tree Rings In Northern Mexico. <i>Tree-Ring Research</i> , 2015, 71, 95-105.	0.6	12
24	Spatial modeling of forest fires in Mexico: an integration of two data sources. <i>Bosque</i> , 2017, 38, 563-574.	0.3	12
25	Seasonal growth responses to climate in wet and dry conifer forests. <i>IAWA Journal</i> , 2019, 40, 311-S1.	2.7	12
26	Drought regulates the burned forest areas in Mexico: the case of 2011, a record year. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2019, 34, 560-573.	3.5	12
27	Inter and intra-annual links between climate, tree growth and NDVI: improving the resolution of drought proxies in conifer forests. <i>International Journal of Biometeorology</i> , 2021, 65, 2111-2121.	3.0	12
28	A system for calculating the merchantable volume of oak trees in the northwest of the state of Chihuahua, Mexico. <i>Journal of Forestry Research</i> , 2009, 20, 293-300.	3.6	11
29	Growth of <i>Pinus cembroides</i> Zucc. in Response to Hydroclimatic Variability in Four Sites Forming the Species Latitudinal and Longitudinal Distribution Limits. <i>Forests</i> , 2018, 9, 440.	2.1	11
30	The occurrence of forest fires in Mexico presents an altitudinal tendency: a geospatial analysis. <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2019, 96, 213-224.	3.4	11
31	Xylogenesis is uncoupled from forest productivity. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2021, 35, 1123-1134.	1.9	11
32	TASA DE DEFORESTACIÓN EN SAN LUIS POTOSÁ, MÉXICO (1993-2007). <i>Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente</i> , 2013, XIX, 201-215.	0.2	10
33	ANÁLISIS ESPACIAL DE LA OCURRENCIA DE INCENDIOS FORESTALES EN EL ESTADO DE DURANGO. <i>Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente</i> , 2010, XVI, 253-260.	0.2	9
34	Evaluating the Multi-Functionality of Forest Ecosystems in Northern Mexico. <i>Forests</i> , 2018, 9, 178.	2.1	8
35	Dendroecological Approach to Assessing Carbon Accumulation Dynamics in Two <i>Pinus</i> Species from Northern Mexico. <i>Tree-Ring Research</i> , 2018, 74, 196-209.	0.6	8
36	High responsiveness of wood anatomy to water availability and drought near the equatorial rear edge of Douglas-fir. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2019, 49, 1114-1123.	1.7	8

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Variation of carbon uptake from forest species in Mexico: a review. <i>Madera Bosques</i> , 2017, 23, 225-235.	0.2	8
38	Drones: tecnología con futuro promisorio en la gestión forestal. <i>Revista Mexicana De Ciencias Forestales</i> , 2020, 11, .	0.3	8
39	Calidad del bosque de ribera del Río El Tunal, Durango, México; mediante la aplicación del Índice QBR. <i>Gayana - Botanica</i> , 2012, 69, 147-151.	0.2	7
40	Viewshed Analysis for Improving the Effectiveness of Watchtowers, in the North of Mexico. <i>The Open Forest Science Journal</i> , 2010, 3, 17-22.	0.9	7
41	Hydroclimatic variations reveal differences in carbon capture in two sympatric conifers in northern Mexico. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2019, 7, e7085.	2.0	7
42	CONCENTRATION OF CARBON IN <i>Pinus cembroides</i> Zucc: MITIGATION POTENTIAL SOURCE OF GLOBAL WARMING. <i>Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente</i> , 2014, XX, 169-175.	0.2	6
43	Influence of Climate on Carbon Sequestration in Conifers Growing under Contrasting Hydro-Climatic Conditions. <i>Forests</i> , 2020, 11, 1134.	2.1	5
44	Ocurrencia de incendios forestales y su teleconexión con fenómenos ENSO. <i>CienciaUAT</i> , 2014, 8, 06.	0.3	5
45	Survival, growth and carbon content in a forest plantation established after a clear-cutting in Durango, Mexico. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2020, 8, e9506.	2.0	5
46	Respuesta de madera temprana y tardía a la sequía en una conífera mexicana bajo dos condiciones ecológicas. <i>Ecosistemas</i> , 2015, 24, .	0.4	5
47	Eficiencia del extracto vegetal de <i>Datura stramonium</i> L. como insecticida para el control de la mosca sierra. <i>Madera Bosques</i> , 2019, 25, .	0.2	5
48	Climate signals from intra-annual wood density fluctuations in <i>Abies durangensis</i> . <i>IAWA Journal</i> , 2019, 40, 276-287.	2.7	4
49	Chemical composition of <i>Luffa aegyptiaca</i> Mill., <i>Agave durangensis</i> Gentry and <i>Pennisetum</i> sp.. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2021, 9, e10626.	2.0	4
50	Response of tree radial growth to evaporation, as indicated by earlywood and latewood. <i>Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente</i> , 2015, XXI, 57-65.	0.2	4
51	Different xylogenesis responses to atmospheric water demand contribute to species coexistence in a mixed pine-oak forest. <i>Journal of Forestry Research</i> , 2023, 34, 51-62.	3.6	4
52	UAV-Based Characterization of Tree-Attributes and Multispectral Indices in an Uneven-Aged Mixed Conifer-Broadleaf Forest. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2022, 14, 2775.	4.0	4
53	How Drought Drives Seasonal Radial Growth in <i>Pinus strobiformis</i> from Northern Mexico. , 2020, , 21-36.		3
54	Tamaño, color de nuez y sombra afectan la germinación de <i>Quercus deserticola</i> . <i>Madera Bosques</i> , 2016, 22, 67.	0.2	3

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Perspectivas de los anillos de crecimiento para estimación potencial de carbono en México. Madera Bosques, 2020, 26, .	0.2	3
56	Characterization of the ecological quality of the gallery forest of the river La Saucedá, Durango, Mexico. Hidrobiologica, 2016, 26, 35-40.	0.2	3
57	ENSO index teleconnection with seasonal precipitation in a temperate ecosystem of northern Mexic. Atmosfera, 2015, 28, 43-50.	0.8	3
58	Within-tree carbon concentration variation in three Mexican pine species. Bosque, 2017, 38, 381-386.	0.3	3
59	Multispectral indices and individual-tree level attributes explain forest productivity in a pine clonal orchard of Northern Mexico. Geocarto International, 2022, 37, 4441-4453.	3.5	2
60	Efecto de cuatro tratamientos silvícolas en la producción maderable en un Bosque de Durango. Revista Mexicana De Ciencias Forestales, 2021, 12, .	0.3	2
61	Actividad del fuego en Áreas forestales de México a partir de sensores remotos y su sensibilidad a la sequía. Madera Bosques, 2018, 24, .	0.2	2
62	Geospatial Model as Strategy to Prevent Forest Fires: A Case Study. Journal of Environmental Protection, 2012, 03, 1034-1038.	0.7	2
63	Spatial analysis of phenotypic variables in a clonal orchard of Pinus arizonica Engelm. in northern Mexico. Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2019, 25, 185-199.	0.2	2
64	Sensibilidad climática de tres versiones dendrocronológicas para una conífera mexicana. Madera Bosques, 2014, 20, 139-151.	0.2	2
65	Some tree species of ecological importance in Mexico: A documentary review. Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2017, 23, 185-219.	0.2	2
66	A Dendro-Spatial Analysis in Tree Growth Provides Insights into Forest Productivity. , 2020, , 247-262.		2
67	Pith Eccentricity, Basal Area Increments and Disturbances Inferred from Tree-Ring Growth. Tree-Ring Research, 2022, 78, .	0.6	2
68	Determinación de la tendencia espacial de los puntos de calor como estrategia para monitorear los incendios forestales en Durango, México. Bosque, 2012, 33, 13-14.	0.3	1
69	Modelación del volumen fustal de Pinus durangensis en Guachochi, Chihuahua, México. Madera Bosques, 2009, 15, 61-73.	0.2	1
70	Effect of fire and elevation on the regeneration of Pinus hartwegii Lindl. in northeastern Mexico. Revista Chapingo, Serie Ciencias Forestales Y Del Ambiente, 2018, 24, 197-205.	0.2	1
71	Wood Anatomical Traits Respond to Climate but More Individualistically as Compared to Radial Growth: Analyze Trees, Not Means. Forests, 2022, 13, 956.	2.1	1
72	Análisis morfológico de la cuenca El Salto, Durango, México. Terra Latinoamericana, 0, 39, .	0.3	0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	Estimación de volumen forestal mediante imágenes de satélite Landsat 8 OLI en bosques templados mixtos. Investigación Y Ciencia De La Universidad Autónoma De Aguascalientes, 2020, , 40-49.	0.1	0
74	Climate sensitivity of seasonal radial growth in young stands of Mexican conifers. International Journal of Biometeorology, 0, , .	3.0	0