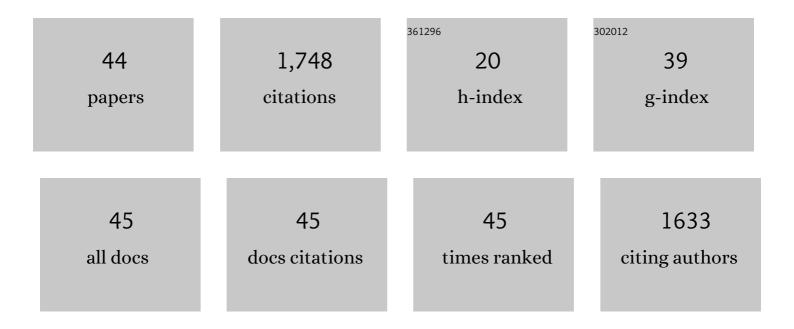
Tianyu Wang

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Genome-wide selection and genetic improvement during modern maize breeding. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 565-571.	9.4	146
2	QTL analysis for yield components and kernel-related traits in maize across multi-environments. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2011, 122, 1305-1320.	1.8	143
3	Identification of genetic variants associated with maize flowering time using an extremely large multiâ€genetic background population. Plant Journal, 2016, 86, 391-402.	2.8	122
4	Jointâ€linkage mapping and <scp>GWAS</scp> reveal extensive genetic loci that regulate male inflorescence size in maize. Plant Biotechnology Journal, 2016, 14, 1551-1562.	4.1	121
5	Population structure and linkage disequilibrium of a mini core set of maize inbred lines in China. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2008, 117, 1141-1153.	1.8	83
6	Changes in Yield and Yield Components of Singleâ€Cross Maize Hybrids Released in China between 1964 and 2001. Crop Science, 2011, 51, 512-525.	0.8	83
7	Transcriptome and GWAS analyses reveal candidate gene for seminal root length of maize seedlings under drought stress. Plant Science, 2020, 292, 110380.	1.7	81
8	Quantitative trait loci mapping for yield components and kernel-related traits in multiple connected RIL populations in maize. Euphytica, 2013, 193, 303-316.	0.6	80
9	Fine genetic characterization of elite maize germplasm using high-throughput SNP genotyping. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2014, 127, 621-631.	1.8	78
10	Genetic Control of the Leaf Angle and Leaf Orientation Value as Revealed by Ultra-High Density Maps in Three Connected Maize Populations. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0121624.	1.1	69
11	Increasing Maize Productivity in China by Planting Hybrids with Germplasm that Responds Favorably to Higher Planting Densities. Crop Science, 2011, 51, 2391-2400.	0.8	68
12	Numerous genetic loci identified for drought tolerance in the maize nested association mapping populations. BMC Genomics, 2016, 17, 894.	1.2	63
13	Establishment of a core collection for maize germplasm preserved in Chinese National Genebank using geographic distribution and characterization data. Genetic Resources and Crop Evolution, 2005, 51, 845-852.	0.8	56
14	Candidate Loci for Yield-Related Traits in Maize Revealed by a Combination of MetaQTL Analysis and Regional Association Mapping. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2017, 8, 2190.	1.7	48
15	Fine-mapping of qGW4.05, a major QTL for kernel weight and size in maize. BMC Plant Biology, 2016, 16, 81.	1.6	47
16	Genome-wide identification of gene expression in contrasting maize inbred lines under field drought conditions reveals the significance of transcription factors in drought tolerance. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0179477.	1.1	45
17	Construction of high-quality recombination maps with low-coverage genomic sequencing for joint linkage analysis in maize. BMC Biology, 2015, 13, 78.	1.7	40
18	Genomic insights into historical improvement of heterotic groups during modern hybrid maize breeding. Nature Plants, 2022, 8, 750-763.	4.7	36

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19	Genome-wide analysis of the pentatricopeptide repeat gene family in different maize genomes and its important role in kernel development. BMC Plant Biology, 2018, 18, 366.	1.6	26
20	The retromer protein ZmVPS29 regulates maize kernel morphology likely through an auxinâ€dependent process(es). Plant Biotechnology Journal, 2020, 18, 1004-1014.	4.1	25
21	Analysis of genetic differentiation and genomic variation to reveal potential regions of importance during maize improvement. BMC Plant Biology, 2015, 15, 256.	1.6	22
22	Quantitative trait loci mapping of yield and related traits using a high-density genetic map of maize. Molecular Breeding, 2016, 36, 1.	1.0	22
23	Fine mapping of qKW7, a major QTL for kernel weight and kernel width in maize, confirmed by the combined analytic approaches of linkage and association analysis. Euphytica, 2016, 210, 221-232.	0.6	21
24	Fine mapping of qKL1.07, a major QTL for kernel length in maize. Molecular Breeding, 2016, 36, 1.	1.0	21
25	Contributions of Parental Inbreds and Heterosis to Morphology and Yield of Singleâ€Cross Maize Hybrids in China. Crop Science, 2014, 54, 76-88.	0.8	19
26	Exploring Identity-By-Descent Segments and Putative Functions Using Different Foundation Parents in Maize. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0168374.	1.1	18
27	Increased experimental conditions and marker densities identified more genetic loci associated with southern and northern leaf blight resistance in maize. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 6848.	1.6	16
28	Genetic architecture of phenotypic means and plasticities of kernel size and weight in maize. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2019, 132, 3309-3320.	1.8	16
29	Genome-wide association studies and whole-genome prediction reveal the genetic architecture of KRN in maize. BMC Plant Biology, 2020, 20, 490.	1.6	14
30	The Identification of Two Head Smut Resistance-Related QTL in Maize by the Joint Approach of Linkage Mapping and Association Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0145549.	1.1	12
31	Characterization and fine mapping of qkrnw4, a major QTL controlling kernel row number in maize. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2019, 132, 3321-3331.	1.8	11
32	Candidate loci for the kernel row number in maize revealed by a combination of transcriptome analysis and regional association mapping. BMC Plant Biology, 2019, 19, 201.	1.6	10
33	High-density quantitative trait locus mapping revealed genetic architecture of leaf angle and tassel size in maize. Molecular Breeding, 2019, 39, 1.	1.0	10
34	Analysis of recombination QTLs, segregation distortion, and epistasis for fitness in maize multiple populations using ultra-high-density markers. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2016, 129, 1775-1784.	1.8	9
35	Genetic mapping of northern corn leaf blight-resistant quantitative trait loci in maize. Medicine (United States), 2020, 99, e21326.	0.4	9
36	Identification of genomic insertion and flanking sequences of the transgenic drought-tolerant maize line "SbSNAC1-382―using the single-molecule real-time (SMRT) sequencing method. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0226455.	1.1	9

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37	Genome-wide association studies of leaf angle in maize. Molecular Breeding, 2021, 41, 1.	1.0	9
38	Both major and minor QTL associated with plant height can be identified using near-isogenic lines in maize. Euphytica, 2017, 213, 1.	0.6	8
39	Characterization and fine mapping of qkc7.03: a major locus for kernel cracking in maize. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2018, 131, 437-448.	1.8	8
40	Genetic Variation in ZmPAT7 Contributes to Tassel Branch Number in Maize. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2022, 23, 2586.	1.8	5
41	Fine mapping qKRN5.04 provides a functional gene negatively regulating maize kernel row number. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2022, 135, 1997-2007.	1.8	5
42	Fine mapping and candidate gene analysis of qKW7b, a major QTL for kernel width in maize. Molecular Breeding, 2020, 40, 1.	1.0	4
43	Joint analysis of days to flowering reveals independent temperate adaptations in maize. Heredity, 2021, 126, 929-941.	1.2	4
44	HTPdb and HTPtools: Exploiting maize haplotype-tag polymorphisms for germplasm resource analyses and genomics-informed breeding. Plant Communications, 2022, 3, 100331.	3.6	2

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